Point Coverage SCASMPL: Sediment sample data for the Channel Islands and Santa Barbara Channel Region

Metadata also available as

Frequently-anticipated questions:

- What does this data set describe?
 - 1. How should this data set be cited?
 - 2. What geographic area does the data set cover?
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 - 5. What is the general form of this data set?
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- Who produced the data set?
 - 1. Who are the originators of the data set?
 - 2. Who also contributed to the data set?
 - 3. To whom should users address questions about the data?
- Why was the data set created?
- How was the data set created?
 - 1. From what previous works were the data drawn?
 - 2. How were the data generated, processed, and modified?
 - 3. What similar or related data should the user be aware of?
- How reliable are the data; what problems remain in the data set?
 - 1. How well have the observations been checked?
 - 2. How accurate are the geographic locations?
 - 3. How accurate are the heights or depths?
 - 4. Where are the gaps in the data? What is missing?
 - 5. How consistent are the relationships among the data, including topology?
- How can someone get a copy of the data set?
 - 1. Are there legal restrictions on access or use of the data?
 - 2. Who distributes the data?
 - 3. What's the catalog number I need to order this data set?
 - 4. What legal disclaimers am I supposed to read?
 - 5. How can I download or order the data?
- Who wrote the metadata?

What does this data set describe?

Title:

Point Coverage SCASMPL: Sediment sample data for the Channel Islands and Santa Barbara Channel Region

Abstract:

Point data of surficial sediment textures from usSEABED, standardized and data-mined from existing studies, show the spatial extent of gravels, sands, muds, and areas of hard bottom in the Channel Islands and Santa Barbara regions.

Supplemental Information:

Version 2.0 of scasmpl is a updated subset of the usSEABED database in the area of interest. Regional publications of the entire usSEABED are pending; these publications will contain more complete data and information about usSEABED and the data-mining process. Those data are in comma-delimited format, and can be used with geographic information systems (GIS) software and most database softwares.

Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government. Although this Federal Geographic Data Committee-compliant metadata file is intended to document the data set in nonpropriety form, as well as ArcExplorer format, this metadata may include some ArcExplorer-specific terminology.

1. How should this data set be cited?

U.S. Geological Survey, and Reid, Jane A., 02282005, Point Coverage SCASMPL: Sediment sample data for the Channel Islands and Santa Barbara Channel Region: U.S. Geological Survey, Santa Cruz, CA.

Online Links:

• http://pubs.usgs.gov/of/2005/1170/index.html

2. What geographic area does the data set cover?

West_Bounding_Coordinate: -121.10000 East_Bounding_Coordinate: -118.80000 North_Bounding_Coordinate: 34.568 South_Bounding_Coordinate: 33.7

3. What does it look like?

4. Does the data set describe conditions during a particular time period?

Calendar Date:

Currentness_Reference: Date of data processing

5. What is the general form of this data set?

Geospatial Data Presentation Form: point data

6. How does the data set represent geographic features?

a. How are geographic features stored in the data set?

This is a Point data set. It contains the following vector data types (SDTS terminology):

■ Point (2393)

b. What coordinate system is used to represent geographic features?

The map projection used is NAD 1983 UTM Zone 10N.

Projection parameters:

Straight-Vertical_Longitude_from_Pole: -123

Standard_Parallel: 0.999600 False_Easting: 500000.000 False_Northing: 0.000

Planar coordinates are encoded using coordinate pair Abscissae (x-coordinates) are specified to the nearest .000512 Ordinates (y-coordinates) are specified to the nearest .000512 Planar coordinates are specified in meters

The horizontal datum used is North American Datum of 1983. The ellipsoid used is Geodetic ReferenceSystem 80. The semi-major axis of the ellipsoid used is 6378137. The flattening of the ellipsoid used is 1/298.2572222.

7. How does the data set describe geographic features?

seafloor sample

point data within SCASMPL (Source: SCAMPL.shp)

latitude

global location (Source: lineage source)

Range of values		
Minimum:	33.7	
Maximum:	34.568	
Units: decimal degre		
Resolution:	.00001	

longitude

global location (Source: lineage source)

Range of values	
Minimum:	-121.0833
Maximum:	-118.8
Units: decimal deg	
Resolution:	.00001

water depth

lineage source (Source: SCASMPL.shp)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values

Minimum:	2
Maximum:	2610
Units:	meters
Resolution:	1 0

SampleTop

top of subsample (Source: lineage source)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	0.03
Units:	meters
Resolution:	0.001

bottom of subsample

meters (Source: lineage source)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	7.94
Units:	meters
Resolution:	0.001

DataSetKey

unique link to source data sets (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
17	SCCWRP94
82	Deck 41 nodcref# 619
187	Deck 41 nodcref# 831
194	Deck 41 nodcref# 871
204	NS&T MusselWatch

216	Smithsonian NOS database
237	USGS MF-737
238	USGS OFR 92-342
242	NGDC MGGID 09005058
261	NGDC MGGID 09185006
262	NGDC MGGID 09005019
265	NGDC MGGID 09695001
268	Scholl MS 1959
283	University of Southern California SEDDATA database
284	Smith PhD. 1970
285	Barnes PhD 1970
286	Emery and Shepard, 1941
288	Emery and Hulsemann, 1963
303	Wright PhD 1967
304	Gorsline PhD 1958
308	SCCWRP Bight 98

SiteKey

unique relational key for individual sites (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Range of values	
Minimum:	1
Maximum:	1030
Units:	unitless
Resolution:	1

SiteKey

unique relational key for individual subsamples (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Range of values	
Minimum:	1
Maximum:	1272
Units:	unitless
Resolution:	1

Sampler

non-unique label of sampler type and penetration depth (m) (Source: lineage source, processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
BoxCore	unspecified box core sampler
DietzLaFond	Dietz La Fond snapper sampler
GravityCore	unspecified gravity corer
PipeDredge	unspecified pipe dredge
PistonCore	unspecified piston corer
ShipekGrab	Shipek grab sampler
VanVeenGrab	Van Veen grab sampler
UnIDCamera	unidentified camera
UnIDCore	unidentified corer
UnIDCorer	unidentified corer
UnIDDevice	unidentified sampling device
UnIDGrab	unidentified grab sampler
rcvy=	no sampler information; recovery amount = XXX

DataTypes

Key to source-type of information in the following 20 fields (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
Е	Extracted data (directly measured, lab-based analytical data)
Р	Parsed data (numerical data from descriptive word-based data passed through fuzzy set theory filters)
С	Calculated data (numerical data from calculations using extracted and parsed data and various assumptions, published models, and empirical relationships)
X	no information

Gravel

% gravel in sample (Source: Udden-Wentworth size class)

Value	Definition	
-99	no information	

Range of values

Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	percent
Resolution:	1

Sand

% sand in sample (Source: Udden-Wentworth size class)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	percent
Resolution:	1

Mud

% mud in sample (Source: Udden-Wentworth size class)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	percent
Resolution:	1

Clay

% clay in sample (Source: Udden-Wentworth size class)

Value	Definition	
-99	no information	

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100

Units:	percent
Resolution:	1

Grainsize

consensus of mean and median grainsize (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	-7
Maximum:	11
Units:	phi
Resolution:	0.1

Sorting

Standard deviation (grainsize dispersion) (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	5
Units:	phi
Resolution:	0.1

SeabedCls

Seabed Class: Arithmetic dominance of given compositional or feature terms or equivalents in lithologic or seafloor descriptions to defined Seafloor Class (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
Bedforms	Bedforms: 'ripple', 'sandwave', 'scour'
CalcCrustNod	Calcareous crusts and nodules: 'limestone', 'calcareous concretion', carbonate nodule, 'calcareous crust'
CalcPelag	Calcareous pelagic: 'planktonic forams', 'nannofossils', 'pteropods', 'calcareous ooze'

CarbMud	Carbonate mud: 'calcareous mud', 'micrite', 'ooze', calcareous ooze'
MnNodule	Manganese nodules: 'manganese nodule', 'manganese crust', 'manganese stained', 'manganese oxide', manganese micronodule'
Phosphate	Phosphate: 'phosphorite'
Shell	Shell: 'shell', 'mollusc', bivalve', 'gastropod', 'scaphopod', 'brachiopod'
SilcPelag	Siliceous pelagic: 'siliceous ooze', 'radiolaria', 'silicoflagellate', 'diatom'
Terrigenous	Terrigenous: 'terrigenous', 'heavy mineral', 'quartz', 'feldspar', 'mafic'
Volcanic	Volcanic: 'volcanic', 'basalt', 'pumice', 'mafic', 'tuff'
-	no dominant compositional or feature information

ClsMship

Class Membership; percent membership of sample to Seabed Class (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	unitless
Resolution:	1.0

FolkCode

Grainsize classification (Source: Folk, Andrews, and Lewis, 1970)

Value	Definition
(g)M	slightly gravelly mud
(g)mS	slightly gravelly muddy sand
(g)sM	slightly gravelly sandy mud
(g)S	slightly gravelly sand
G	gravel
gM	gravelly mud
gmS	gravelly muddy sand

gS	gravelly sand
M	Mud
mG	muddy gravel
mS	muddy sand
msG	muddy sandy gravel
S	sand
sG	sandy gravel
sM	sandy mud
Н	hard bottom
-	not determinable

RockMship

Rock Membership; percent membership of sample to rock class (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	unitless
Resolution:	1.0

WeedMship

Weed Membership; percent membership of sample to Weed Class (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	unitless
Resolution:	1.0

Carbonate

carbonate in sample (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

1	Pango of values	
1	Range of values	
	Range of values	

Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	percent; may be fuzzy membership to carbonate class
Resolution:	0.1

MunslCode

Munsell Color Code (Source: GSA Rock-Color Chart, 1991)

non-unique code based on HVC (Hue, Value, Chroma)

Organic carbon

organic carbon in sample (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	0
Maximum:	100
Units:	percent; may be fuzzy membership to organic carbon set
Resolution:	0.1

LgShearStr

Log Shear Stress (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	1
Maximum:	4
Units:	kiloPascals
Resolution:	0.01

Porosity

Porosity (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	28
Maximum:	95
Units:	percent
Resolution:	0.01

PWaveVel

P-wave velocity (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	1464
Maximum:	1788
Units:	meters/second
Resolution:	0.01

Roughess

Bottom roughness (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

coded to espress the height and length of the bottom feature with the greatest aspect ratio

LgCrShSt

Log critical shear stress (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

Value	Definition
-99	no information

Range of values	
Minimum:	-1.33
Maximum:	1.7
Units:	log10 of tau, in kiloPascals
Resolution:	0.01

SamplePhase

Sample Phase/other information (Source: processing software dbSEABED MNEs)

non-unique text of other data location information

Who produced the data set?

- 1. Who are the originators of the data set? (may include formal authors, digital compilers, and editors)
 - U.S. Geological Survey
 - Jane A. Reid

2. Who also contributed to the data set?

Contributors to this dataset are the original authors and agencies; at the USGS Santa Cruz and Menlo Park are Jane A. Reid, Kelly Halimeda Kilbourne, Carolynn Box, Tara Kneeshaw, Michael Field, and April Villagomez. Also Chris Jenkins at the University of Colorado, Boulder, CO and Mark Zimmermann, National Marine Fisheries Service, Seattle, WA

3. To whom should users address questions about the data?

U.S. Geological Survey c/o Jane A. Reid 400 Natural Bridges Drive Santa Cruz, CA 95060

(831) 427-4727 (voice) jareid@usgs.gov

Why was the data set created?

These data are provided to give information on surfical geology, including sediment texture and areas of no sediment cover. These data are intended for science researchers, students, policy makers, and the general public.

How was the data set created?

1. From what previous works were the data drawn?

DataSetKey 17: SCCWRP 94 (source 1 of 19)

Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (SCCWRP), 1999, Data from the SCCWRP 1994 Pilot Project: Southern California Coastal Water Research Project, Westminster, CA.

Online Links:

• http://www.sccwrp.org>

Type_of_Source_Media: Digital Source_Contribution:

point locations, color (Munsell code), %gravel, %sand, %silt, %clay, %mud, first moment, standard deviation, %gravel & sand, Folk & Ward skewness, Folk & Ward kurtosis, Inman mean, Inman sorting, Inman skewness, Inman skewness 2, Inman kurtosis, sand/mud, phi class grainsize, lithologic descriptions, biota

DateSetKey 82, DataSetKey 187, DatasetKey 194: Deck 41 (source 2 of 19)

National Oceanic Data Center, 1975, Deck 41: National Geophysical Data Center, Boulder, Colorado.

Online Links:

• http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/geology/deck41.html

Other_Citation_Details:

This is a compilation of more than 200 datasets, representing 36,000 data points worldwide. Some data in the geographic spatial domain are not included because they are included under the original source.

Type_of_Source_Media: digital data *Source_Contribution:*

citation information, MGGID number, noderef number, consec number, ship-cruise, station, device, date, latitude, longitude, water_depth, depth_top, depth_bot, dominant lithology, secondary lithology, description,

DataSetKey 204: NS&T MusselWatch (source 3 of 19)

Center for Coastal Monitoring a, National Ocean Service, National Oceanic, Unpublished material, National Status and Trends Mussel Watch.

Online Links:

• http://ccma.nos.noaa.gov/cit/data/mw_details.html http://gcmd.nasa.gov/records/GCMD ORCA CMBAD NS T MWP.html>

Other_Citation_Details:

Part of an ongoing long-term database of sediment and bivalve tissue chemistry of over 80 organic and inorganic contaminants; bivalve histology, Clostridium perfringens, sewarge marker data. Over 300 sites in coastal waters of the United States and the Great Lakes.

Type_of_Source_Media: digital Source Contribution:

Citation, latitude, longitude, date, province, operator, sample_top, sample_bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, %mud

DataSetKey 216: Smithsonian (source 4 of 19)

National Museum of Natural Hist, Smithsonian Institution, Unpublished material, Untitled: Compilation of NOS datasheets.

Online Links:

• None.

Other_Citation_Details:

unpublished database; Data received from Carla Moore, NGDC, in October 2001 via email.

Type_of_Source_Media: digital

Source_Contribution:

Smithsonian identifier, catalog number, ship, project reference, collection date, location, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampler type, sample description, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % mud, % clay

DataSetKey 237: MF-737 (source 5 of 19)

U.S. Geological Survey, Vedder, J.G., Taylor, J.C., Arnal, R.E., and Bukry, David, 1976, Map showing locations of selected pre-Quaternary rock samples from California continental borderland: Miscellaneous Field Studies MS-737, U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park, CA.

Other_Citation_Details: 3 maps

Type_of_Source_Media: paper map Source_Scale_Denominator: 250,000

Source Contribution:

latitude, longitude, water_depth, lithologic description, age/stage

DataSetKey 238: OFR92-342 (source 6 of 19)

U.S. Geological Survey, Gardner, J.V., Dean, W.E., and Kayen, R., 1992, Data from USGS Cruise F2-92 of central and southern CA (initial descriptions): Open-file Report 92-342, U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park, CA.

Online Links:

cruise information at http://walrus.wr.usgs.gov/infobank/f/f292sc/html/f-2-92-sc.meta.html

Type_of_Source_Media: paper *Source Contribution:*

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, core recovery length, sample top, sample bottom, lithology description, Munsell color code

DataSetKey 242: MGG 09005058 (source 7 of 19)

U.S. Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory (NCEL), Valent, P.J., Lee, H.J., and National Geophysical Data Center, 1971, Report Number 1: NCEL Core Data - Santa Barbara Channel Area; Reconnaissance study for the proposed California Undersea Aqueduct: U.S. Navy, Point Hueneme, CA.

Online Links:

http://oas.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/plsql/geolin.set_expand?
 v mggid=09005058>

Other_Citation_Details: Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, CO, Contract number 14-06-D-7210

Type_of_Source_Media: digital

Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, site date, sample top, sample bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay

DataSetKey 261: MGG 09185006 (source 8 of 19)

U.S. Navy Oceanographic Office (NavOceanO), Coleman, Jess B., Grimes, Alvin R., and National Geophysical Data Center, 1964, Lab Item 242: A summary of sediment size, composition, and engineering properties for PMR Project 5R-006.

Online Links:

http://oas.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/plsql/geolin.set_expand?
 v mggid=09185006>

Type_of_Source_Media: digital Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, site date, core recovery length, sample top, sample bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay, median grainsize, micron grainsize, quartile sorting, quartile skewness, carbonate %, organic carbon %, lithologic description, odor, Shepard class, Munsell color code, phi size class percentages.

DataSetKey 262: MGG 09005019 (source 9 of 19)

U.S. Navy Oceanographic Office (NavOceanO), Hill, David S., Oser, Robert K., Rohrhirsch, Joseph M., and National Geophysical Data Center, 1965, Lab Item 227: A summary of sediment size, composition, and engineering properties for PMR project R-006.

Online Links:

http://oas.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/plsql/geolin.set_expand?
 v mggid=09005019>

Other_Citation_Details: Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, CO, Contract number 14-06-D-7210

 $Type_of_Source_Media:$ digital

Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, site date, sample top, sample bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay

DataSetKey 265: MGG 09695001 (source 10 of 19)

U.S. Navy Oceanographic Office (NavOceanO), Achstetter, Eugene V., Kelly, Eugene V., Loomis, P. Burr, McKellar, Scott M., and National Geophysical Data Center, 1970, Lab Item 398: A summary of sediment size, composition, and engineering properties of three cores from the eastern Pacific.

Online Links:

http://oas.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/plsql/geolin.set_expand?
 v mggid=09695001>

Type_of_Source_Media: digital Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, site date, core recovery length, sample top, sample bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay, median grainsize, micron grainsize, quartile sorting, quartile skewness, carbonate %, organic carbon %, lithologic description, odor, Shepard class, Munsell color code, phi size class percentages.

DataSetKey 268: Scholl MS 1959 (source 11 of 19)

Scholl, David W., 1959, Geology and surrounding recent marine sediments of Anacapa Island: University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA.

Other Citation Details: Masters Thesis

Type_of_Source_Media: Paper Source_Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, sampling device, site date, median grainsize (phi), undefined sorting, carbonate %, formation, lithologic description, geological age description

DataSetKey 283: SEDDATA (source 12 of 19)

University of Southern California, and Gorsline, Donn, Unpublished material, SEDDATA database.

Other_Citation_Details:

Unpublished digital database of government-funded samples from University of Southern California, including some Allan Hancock Foundation samples. May overlap data from Emery and Hulsemann 1964, Barnes 1970, Smith 1970, Wright 1967, and Gorsline 1958, also given in this report. Database emailed to Jane Reid, USGS, by Donn Gorsline on July 31, 2001

Type_of_Source_Media: digital Source Contribution:

sitename, latitude, longitude, %gravel, %sand, %silt, %clay, average grainsize, standard deviation, skewness, kurtosis, % carbonate, %organic carbon, bulk density

DataSetKey 284: Smith PhD (source 13 of 19)

Smith, Stephen V., 1970, Calcium carbonate budget of the southern California borderland: HIG 70-11, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA.

Other_Citation_Details:

Locations may duplicate the SEDDATA database, also given in this report.

Type_of_Source_Media: paper

Source_Contribution:

Sitename, latitude, longitude, %aragonite, %dolomite, %Mg_calcite in carbonate

DataSetKey 284: Barnes PhD (source 14 of 19)

Barnes, Peter W., 1970, Marine geology and oceanography of Santa Cruz basin off southern California.

Other Citation Details:

PhD. dissertation, University of Southern California. Locations and data may overlap the SEDDATA database, also given here.

Type_of_Source_Media: paper

Source_Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, mean grainsize, statistical skewness, statistical kurtosis, % carbonate, % organic carbon, %nitrogen

DataSetKey 286: Emery_&_Shepard_1941 (source 15 of 19)

Emery, K.O., Shepard, F.P., and Scripps Institution of Oceanography, 1941, Lithology of the sea floor off of Southern California: Bulletin of the Geological Society of America v. 56, pp. 431-473, Geological Society of America, need to get.

Type_of_Source_Media: paper

Source_Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, lithologic description, number, size, and shape of samples

DataSetKey 288: Emery_&_Hulsemann_1963 (source 16 of 19)

Emery, K.O., and Hulsemann, Jobst, 1963, Submarine canyons of southern California: Allan Hancock Pacific Expeditions v. 27, pt. 1, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA.

Other_Citation_Details: Also at NGDC as MGG 27025001; not used here

Type_of_Source_Media: paper

Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, lithologic descriptions, sedimentary environment, %gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay, % mud, median grainsize, quartile sorting, % carbonate, % organic carbon, % nitrogen

DataSetKey 303: Wright_PhD_1967 (source 17 of 19)

Wright, Frederick Fanning, 1967, The marine geology of San Miguel Gap off Point Conception, California: University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA.

Other_Citation_Details:

PhD. dissertation, University of Southern California Data and locations may overlap the SEDDATA database, also given here.

Type_of_Source_Media: paper Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, sampler recovery length, lithologic description, sample top, sample bottom, % gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay, median grainsize, Munsell color code, bulk density, petrographic analyses.

DataSetKey 304: Gorsline_PhD_1958 (source 18 of 19)

Gorsline, Donn S., 1958, Marine geology of San Pedro and Santa Monica basins and vicinity, California: University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA.

Other_Citation_Details:

PhD. dissertation, University of Southern California. Locations and data may overlap the SEDDATA database, also given here

Type_of_Source_Media: paper

Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampling device, sample top, sample bottom,% gravel, % sand, % silt, % clay, % mud, median grainsize, first quartile sorting, third quartile sorting, % carbonate, % nitrogen, lithologic description, petrographic analyses

DataSetKey 348: Bight98 (source 19 of 19)

Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (SCCWRP), 2004, Bight '98 Survey: SCCWRP, Westminster, CA.

Online Links:

• http://www.sccwrp.org/data/bight98.htm

Other Citation Details:

grainsize data emailed to Jane Reid, USGS, by Larry Cooper, SCCWRP, October 2004 grainsize data linked to location information in GrabEventData file by hand, using the last location given per station. This is following the original metadata that stated other data would be taken from the earlier sampling attempts per station.

Type_of_Source_Media: digital

Source Contribution:

Site name, latitude, longitude, water depth, sampler, date, time, color, seafloor description, odor, median grainsize, mean grainsize, standard deviation,% organic carbon, % nitrogen, phi grainsize classes.

2. How were the data generated, processed, and modified?

Date: (process 1 of 1)

Data were digitized as needed and hand-edited into dbSEABED format. Data quality and assessment performed with dbSEABED relational database program (RDBi, version 1/6/05) to ensure correctness of formatting. Also tested data with plausibility filters to ensure reasonable of data, (RDBi, version 1/6/05). Iteratively processed through dbSEABED filtering and mining software program (MNEs, version 2/10/05) to ensure completeness of formatting and meaning. Combined dbSEABED MNEs outputs using dbSEABED unifying program (ONEg, version 9/7/04, extracted data preferentially chosen). Hand-edited to remove downcore data and duplicate analyses; Subsurface data are not included. Data were iteratively tested in a GIS for locational correctness, consistency, and appropriateness of results.

Person who carried out this activity:

Jane A. Reid U.S. Geological Survey 400 Natural Bridges Drive Santa Cruz, CA 95060 (831) 427-4727 (voice) jareid@usgs.gov

Data sources used in this process:

• See: http://instaar.colorado.edu/~jenkinsc/dbseabed/dbseabed.html for information on dbSEABED philosophy, process, and outputs.

Data sources produced in this process:

- scasmpl.txt
- 3. What similar or related data should the user be aware of?

How reliable are the data; what problems remain in the data set?

1. How well have the observations been checked?

Accuracy of each attribute is dependent on the accuracy of the lineage data.

2. How accurate are the geographic locations?

Locational accuracy is dependent on the accuracy of the navigational technique from the lineage source and may vary from 0.005km (differential GPS) in more recent surveys to greater than 2 km based on radar, Loran, or dead reckoning in older surveys. Users of the data should use their own criteria for assessing the accuracy of the locations.

3. How accurate are the heights or depths?

Locational accuracy is dependent on the accuracy of the navigational technique from the lineage source. Users of the data should use their own criteria for assessing the accuracy of the locations.

4. Where are the gaps in the data? What is missing?

Only data from the topmost portion of the sample are published (<0.05 m top depth). Downcore information exists for many of the samples. Additional useable data may exist in this area; the authors appreciate any information and leads.

5. How consistent are the relationships among the observations, including topology?

Data in usSEABED are based on the observations and analyses of others, filtered through a unifying and mining software. Each source report varies in what is recorded and in what format. Only those observations that are recorded can be filtered and mined; only presence (not absence) or information can be noted.

Users of the data should note the code in the field "DataTypes" to determine the origin of the information in the following fields. E = based directly on analytical data and are very reliable as the data were measured directly; P = based on verbal descriptive data and are less reliable and may represent the entire sample (including stones, shells, biota, and other non-typical textural data). Values are determined using fuzzy-set-theory-based filters passed over qualitative data. Values have been adjusted to match the mean values of analytical data. C = calculated from other information and various assumptions. These are the least reliable data due to the reliance on fuzzy set theory and assumed values for constants and appropriate use of equations to derive values. x = no information

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Dates:

Last modified: Last Reviewed: 2005

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Metadata standard:

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